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10/506,787	06/15/2005	Fredrick Mark Manasseh	101374.55365US	4505

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EXAMINER

ALI, FARHAD

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2146

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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06/04/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/506,787	Applicant(s) MANASSEH ET AL.	
	Examiner FARHAD ALI	Art Unit 2146	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 March 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15, 17-34 and 36-45 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15, 17-34 and 36-45 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 45 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/28/08 has been entered.

Claim Objections

1. Claim 45 objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 45 is dependent upon itself. The examiner is assuming the applicant intended it to be dependent upon claim 42 for the purposes of examination. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 & 103

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent; or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, *except* that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for the purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-15, 17-34, and 36-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over U.S. Patent 6,559,769 (hereinafter Anthony et al.).

Regarding Claim 1, Anthony et al. taught an apparatus for recording, playback, and investigation of an event associated with a transportation vehicle (**Abstract; system that can be used on mobile vehicles to stream digital audio/video to remote centers where they are recorded and analyzed in real-time, thus played back**), from at least two synchronized data streams associated with the transportation vehicle (**Col. 5, Lines 24-41; plurality of cameras providing a plurality of streams monitoring and recording of activities associated to a vehicle, thus being real-time and synchronized data streams as it follows the events as the occur**), the apparatus comprising:

at least two capture devices for capturing the at least two synchronized data streams depicting activities associated with the transportation vehicle (**Abstract; plurality of digital video cameras locally placed, thus showing multiple streams of the data. Col. 13, Lines 54-60; video and audio recorded in situ and then transmitted can be stored in well-known file formats such as ASV, Real Media, Quicktime, etc. which will output a playback the**

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recorded events by the plurality of sources in a synchronized manner as the events have been stored in real-time from those sources. Col. 15, Lines 56-65; reconcile real-time information with historically comparable information under analysis);

at least one recording device for recording at least one of the at least two captured data streams depicting the activities associated with the transportation vehicle (**Col. 7, Lines 21-61; audio video captured by cameras and microphones are recorded and processed by an Aaeon Electronics, Inc. compact board with hard disks and tape backup drives before being transmitted to a remote control center. Such a device is stored locally on a vehicle);** and

at least one communication device for communicating the recorded data stream to a monitoring station (**Abstract; telecommunications device to a satellite that downlinks the data signals to control centers for recording and analysis. Col. 10, Lines 65-67; streaming media server storing the video clips); and**

an investigative tool for debriefing the event at a later stage (Col. 14, Lines 43-51; **Contemplated operator activities comprise exercising streaming control; viewing geographical location (on a suitable United States map) associated with an alert; searching for previously stored alert video information or other relevant video information useful for interpreting incoming video streams for a particular subscriber; replaying alert videos if needed for proper early-warning analysis or the like; viewing user activity history; viewing subscriber account history).**

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Regarding Claim 2, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising at least one alarm activator device for activating the at least one of the at least two capture devices (**Col. 8, Lines 1-14; manual and automatic activation based on triggering event that was activate audio/video. Col. 11, Lines 54-65; alarm switch device connected to the serial port of the mobile unit. Col. 12, Lines 35-39; alarm mode has cameras on).**

Regarding Claim 3, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising at least one database device for storing the at least two data streams (**Col. 8, Lines 31-36; data downlinked onto a database).**

Regarding Claim 4, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising an at least one analysis device for analyzing an at least one of the at least two data streams (**Col. 9, Lines 22-28; centralized data center which receives and analyzes the signals being downlinked).**

Regarding Claim 5, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising a disabler device for disabling the control of the transportation vehicle (**Col. 22, Lines 30-40; trigger engine shut-down, thereby disables control).**

Regarding Claim 6, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus 1 further comprising a disabler device for controlling the transportation vehicle from a location external to the transportation vehicle (**Col. 22, Lines 30-40; trigger from the external control center).**

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Regarding Claim 7, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising a control device for controlling at least one of the at least two capture devices or the at least one recording device or the at least one communication device (**Col. 5, Lines 52-57; black box controls camera activation**).

Regarding Claim 8, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising a monitoring device for monitoring events captured by the at least one of the at least two capture device (**Col. 5, Lines 6-22; monitoring apparatus for monitoring based on received signals from the plurality of cameras**).

Regarding Claim 9, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus further comprising a retrieval device for retrieving a part or whole of at least one of the at least two data streams captured by at least one of the at least two capture devices associated with the transportation vehicle (**Col. 5, lines 6-22; uplinking to a satellite**).

Regarding Claim 10, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein the data streams are synchronized multimedia data streams (**Col. 15, Lines 31-34; a plurality of channels are monitored which hold the data stream of audio and video. Furthermore, the Abstract teaches of such data being real-time, therefore the system and the data it transmits must be synchronized with what actually occurs on the vehicle when played back. Col. 15, Lines 56-65; reconcile real-time information with historically comparable information under analysis**).

Regarding Claim 11, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein the at least two data streams are synchronized with a radio signal **(in addition to the rejection of Claim 10, Col. 21, Lines 25-27 teaches of using GPRS, or general packet radio service, for delivering the data streams in real-time and synchronized to a remote center from the local control board).**

Regarding Claim 12, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is a video camera **(Col. 6, Lines 25-27; cameras, further referenced in the rejections above as well).**

Regarding Claim 13, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is a microphone **(Col. 11, Line 54).**

Regarding Claim 14, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus of claim 1 wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is a radio receiver **(Col. 13, Lines 16-20; control signals received on mobile units are via cellular, which by Col. 12, Lines 1-6 can be of general packet radio service type).**

Regarding Claim 15, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein the at least one recording device is located within the transportation vehicle **(Col. 5, Lines 7-11; local controller placed within the automobile. Col. 7, Lines 21-61; audio video captured by cameras and microphones are recorded and processed by an Aaeon Electronics, Inc.**

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compact board with hard disks and tape backup drives before being transmitted to a remote control center. Such a device is stored locally on a vehicle).

Regarding Claim 17, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus the at least one analysis device is located within the transportation vehicle **(Col. 8, Lines 12-21; automatic trigger event activation of system, thereby the system having continuous analysis of the situation be on certain predetermined triggering events as handled by processors on Col. 7, Lines 32-36, which by themselves are essentially analysis devices).**

Regarding Claim 18, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein the at least one analysis device is located external to the transportation vehicle in a command and control center or a crisis-management facility **(Col. 8, Lines 22-36; law enforcement can handle crisis management and the above teaches of analysis and monitoring at control centers).**

Regarding Claim 19, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus of claim 1 wherein the at least one communication device transmits a transmission to be later redistributed **(Col. 14, Lines 13-20; streaming via a predetermined schedule or periodically, thereby later redistribution is fully possible).**

Regarding Claim 20, Anthony et al. taught a method for recording, playback, and investigation of an event associated with a transportation vehicle, from at least two synchronized data streams associated with the transportation vehicle, the method comprising the steps of:

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receiving the at least two data streams depicting activities associated with the transportation vehicle from at least two capture devices;

recording at least one of the at least two captured data streams depicting the activities associated with the transportation vehicle by at least one recording device; and

communicating the recorded data stream to a monitoring station by a communication device; and

debriefing the event at a later stage. **(Claim 20 is rejected for the same reasons as taught in Claim 1 as the limitations are analogous in scope and language).**

Regarding Claim 21, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of activating at least one of the at least two capture devices by at least one alarm activator device **(Col. 8, Lines 1-14; manual and automatic activation based on triggering event that was activate audio/video. Col. 11, Lines 54-65; alarm switch device connected to the serial port of the mobile unit. Col. 12, Lines 35-39; alarm mode has cameras on).**

Regarding Claim 22, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of storing the at least two data streams in an at least one database device **(Col. 8, Lines 31-36; data downlinked onto a database).**

Regarding Claim 23, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of analyzing at least one of the at least two data streams **(Col. 9, Lines 22-28; centralized data center which receives and analyzes the signals being downlinked).**

Regarding Claim 24, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of disabling the control of the transportation vehicle **(Col. 22, Lines 30-40; trigger engine shut-down, thereby disables control)**.

Regarding Claim 25, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of controlling the transportation vehicle from a location external to the transportation vehicle **(Col. 22, Lines 30-40; trigger from the external control center)**.

Regarding Claim 26, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of controlling the at least one of the at least two capture devices or the at least one recording device or the at least one communication device **(Col. 5, Lines 52-57; black box controls camera activation)**.

Regarding Claim 27, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of monitoring events captured by the at least one of the at least two capture devices **(Col. 5, Lines 6-22; monitoring apparatus for monitoring based on received signals from the plurality of cameras)**.

Regarding Claim 28, Anthony et al. taught the method further comprising the step of retrieving a part or whole of at least one of the at least two data streams captured by at least one

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of the at least two capture devices associated with the transportation vehicle (**Col. 5, lines 6-22; uplinking to a satellite**).

Regarding Claim 29, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least two data streams are synchronized multimedia data streams (**Col. 15, Lines 31-34; a plurality of channels are monitored which hold the data stream of audio and video. Furthermore, the Abstract teaches of such data being real-time, therefore the system and the data it transmits must be synchronized with what actually occurs on the vehicle. Col. 15, Lines 56-65; reconcile real-time information with historically comparable information under analysis**).

Regarding Claim 30, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein at least one of the at least two data streams are synchronized with a radio signal (**in addition to the rejection of Claim 10, Col. 21, Lines 25-27 teaches of using GPRS, or general packet radio service, for delivering the data streams in real-time and synchronized to a remote center from the local control board**).

Regarding Claim 31, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one of the at least two capture devices is a video camera (**Col. 6, Lines 25-27; cameras, further referenced in the rejections above as well**).

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Regarding Claim 32, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is a microphone (**Col. 11, Line 54**).

Regarding Claim 33, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one of the at least two capture devices is a radio receiver (**Col. 13, Lines 16-20; control signals received on mobile units are via cellular, which by Col. 12, Lines 1-6 can be of general packet radio service type**).

Regarding Claim 34, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one recording device is located within the transportation vehicle (**Col. 5, Lines 7-11; local controller placed within the automobile. Col. 7, Lines 21-61; audio video captured by cameras and microphones are recorded and processed by an Aaeon Electronics, Inc. compact board with hard disks and tape backup drives before being transmitted to a remote control center. Such a device is stored locally on a vehicle**).

Regarding Claim 36, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one analysis device is located within the transportation vehicle (**Col. 8, Lines 12-21; automatic trigger event activation of system, thereby the system having continuous analysis of the situation be on certain predetermined triggering events as handled by processors on Col. 7, Lines 32-36, which by themselves are essentially analysis devices**).

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Regarding Claim 37, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one analysis device is located external to the transportation vehicle in a command and control center or a crisis-management facility (**Col. 8, Lines 22-36; law enforcement can handle crisis management and the above teaches of analysis and monitoring at control centers**).

Regarding Claim 38, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the at least one communication device transmits a transmission to be later redistributed (**Col. 14, Lines 13-20; streaming via a predetermined schedule or periodically, thereby later redistribution is fully possible**).

Regarding Claim 39, Anthony et al. taught the apparatus wherein the analysis device initiates recording if the transportation vehicle does not follow a prearranged course (**Col. 8, Lines 18-21; automatic trigger event to initiate recording may be when driver is not following usual habits. Col. 16, Lines 5-19; fleet action is recorded and uplinked to authorities and triggers response when there's a deviation from a preplanned route. An obvious matter of design choice to use the event of deviation from a prearranged course as one of the various trigger events since GPS is available on the system, giving it highly predictable results**).

Regarding Claim 40, Anthony et al. taught the method wherein the analysis step initiates recording if the transportation vehicle does not follow a prearranged course (**Col. 8, Lines 18-21; automatic trigger event to initiate recording may be when driver is not following usual**

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habits. Col. 16, Lines 5-19; fleet action is recorded and uplinked to authorities and triggers response when there's a deviation from a preplanned route. An obvious matter of design choice to use the event of deviation from a prearranged course as one of the various trigger events since GPS is available on the system, giving it highly predictable results).

Regarding Claim 41, Anthony et al. taught an apparatus for monitoring and recording a data stream associated with a transportation vehicle (**Abstract; system that can be used on mobile vehicles to stream digital audio/video to remote centers where they are recorded, transmitted, and analyzed**), the apparatus comprising:

at least one capture device for receiving the data stream depicting activities within the transportation vehicle (**Abstract; plurality of digital video cameras locally placed monitoring activities in real-time**);

at least one recording device located within the transportation vehicle for recording the captured data stream (**Col. 5, Lines 7-11; local controller placed within the automobile. Col. 7, Lines 21-61; audio video captured by cameras and microphones are recorded and processed by an Aaeon Electronics, Inc. compact board with hard disks and tape backup drives before being transmitted to a remote control center. Such a device is stored locally on a vehicle**); and

a communication device for communicating the recorded data stream to a monitoring station (**Abstract; telecommunications device to a satellite that downlinks the data signals to control centers for recording and analysis. Col. 10, Lines 65-67; streaming media server storing the video clips**); and

an investigative tool for debriefing an event associated with the transportation vehicle at a later stage (**Col. 14, Lines 43-51; Contemplated operator activities comprise exercising streaming control; viewing geographical location (on a suitable United States map) associated with an alert; searching for previously stored alert video information or other relevant video information useful for interpreting incoming video streams for a particular subscriber; replaying alert videos if needed for proper early-warning analysis or the like; viewing user activity history; viewing subscriber account history).**

Regarding Claim 42, in regards to wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a facility external to the transportation vehicle, Anthony et al. taught in **Col. 13, Lines 26-30** that cameras, or capture devices, may be placed both inside and outside the vehicle. Furthermore, **Col. 19, Lines 35-61** describes how real-time recording devices for capturing events can be placed on a external location associated to an airplane such as on the vertical/horizontal stabilizers, landing carriage, etc., which are all essentially facilities which are external. It also describes of data collection devices at appropriate airport locations proximal to an airplane while awaiting service and boarding in a gate or while being maintained in a hanger, of which such cameras would still be associated to the respective airplane.

In the alternative however, as Anthony et al.'s system's cameras and various related capturing and recording equipment can be placed strategically in various locations (**Col. 2, Lines 15-22**), one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to place cameras anywhere, even on a external facility pointing towards a target depending on the vantage viewpoints he or she desires as the devices uses under Anthony et al.'s system allows it to be that mobile. Using an

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embodiment described in **Col. 16, Lines 20-62**, the system is applied on a residential home.

Since the owner has worked hard to purchase that home and the car in the driveway, definitely would like to keep such property secure, thus, the system may not just monitor the home, but the car itself in the viewpoint from the house. The car may also have the system installed within it as well, thus creating the situation where the capture devices can be both internal and external in relation to a target (in this case the vehicle). The decision to do so would have been also an obvious matter of design choice as it yields highly predictable results as the system taught by Anthony et al. is flexible enough to accomplish such features.

Regarding Claim 43, Anthony et al. taught an apparatus wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a command and control center (**Col. 8, Lines 22-36; law enforcement can handle crisis management and the above teaches of analysis and monitoring at control centers**).

Regarding Claim 44, in regards to wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a facility external to the transportation vehicle, Anthony et al. taught in **Col. 13, Lines 26-30** that cameras, or capture devices, may be placed both inside and outside the vehicle. Furthermore, **Col. 19, Lines 35-61** describes how real-time recording devices for capturing events can be placed on a external location associated to an airplane such as on the vertical/horizontal stabilizers, landing carriage, etc., which are all essentially facilities which are external. It also describes of data collection devices at appropriate airport locations proximal to

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an airplane while awaiting service and boarding in a gate or while being maintained in a hanger, of which such cameras would still be associated to the respective airplane.

In the alternative however, as Anthony et al.'s system's cameras and various related capturing and recording equipment can be placed strategically in various locations (**Col. 2, Lines 15-22**), one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to place cameras anywhere, even on a external facility pointing towards a target depending on the vantage viewpoints he or she desires as the devices uses under Anthony et al.'s system allows it to be that mobile. Using an embodiment described in **Col. 16, Lines 20-62**, the system is applied on a residential home. Since the owner has worked hard to purchase that home and the car in the driveway, definitely would like to keep such property secure, thus, the system may not just monitor the home, but the car itself in the viewpoint from the house. The car may also have the system installed within it as well, thus creating the situation where the capture devices can be both internal and external in relation to a target (in this case the vehicle). The decision to do so would have been also an obvious matter of design choice as it yields highly predictable results as the system taught by Anthony et al. is flexible enough to accomplish such features.

Regarding Claim 45, Anthony et al. taught an apparatus wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a command and control center (**Col. 8, Lines 22-36; law enforcement can handle crisis management and the above teaches of analysis and monitoring at control centers**).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 03/28/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant submits that Anthony fails to teach or suggest the investigative tool for debriefing the event at a later stage claimed in claim 1, as well as the corresponding features of independent claims 20 and 41.

Examiner respectfully disagrees. Anthony teaches in Col. 14, Lines 43-51, “Contemplated operator activities comprise exercising streaming control; viewing geographical location (on a suitable United States map) associated with an alert; searching for previously stored alert video information or other relevant video information useful for interpreting incoming video streams for a particular subscriber; replaying alert videos if needed for proper early-warning analysis or the like; viewing user activity history; viewing subscriber account history”.

Furthermore, The Applicant submits that Anthony fails to teach or suggest all of the limitations of new claims 42-45. New claims 42 and 44 represent limitations removed from claims 1 and 20 about at least one of the at least two capture devices being located in a facility external to the transportation vehicle, and dependent claims 43 and 45 represent wherein the capture device is located in a command and control center.

Examiner would like to point out that the Applicant must discuss the references applied against the claims, explaining how the claims avoid the references or distinguish from them. In

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regards to at least one of the at least two capture devices being located in a facility external to the transportation vehicle, and dependent claims 43 and 45 represent wherein the capture device is located in a command and control center, the applicant has not discussed the previous art rejection in regards to these limitations. The examiner respectfully submits that the previous rejection repeated below reads upon the applicant's limitations.

Regarding Claims 42 and 44, in regards to wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a facility external to the transportation vehicle, Anthony et al. taught in **Col. 13, Lines 26-30** that cameras, or capture devices, may be placed both inside and outside the vehicle. Furthermore, **Col. 19, Lines 35-61** describes how real-time recording devices for capturing events can be placed on a external location associated to an airplane such as on the vertical/horizontal stabilizers, landing carriage, etc., which are all essentially facilities which are external. It also describes of data collection devices at appropriate airport locations proximal to an airplane while awaiting service and boarding in a gate or while being maintained in a hanger, of which such cameras would still be associated to the respective airplane.

In the alternative however, as Anthony et al.'s system's cameras and various related capturing and recording equipment can be placed strategically in various locations (**Col. 2, Lines 15-22**), one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to place cameras anywhere, even on a external facility pointing towards a target depending on the vantage viewpoints he or she desires as the devices uses under Anthony et al.'s system allows it to be that mobile. Using an embodiment described in **Col. 16, Lines 20-62**, the system is applied on a residential home. Since the owner has worked hard to purchase that home and the car in the driveway, definitely would like to keep such property secure, thus, the system may not just monitor the home, but the

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car itself in the viewpoint from the house. The car may also have the system installed within it as well, thus creating the situation where the capture devices can be both internal and external in relation to a target (in this case the vehicle). The decision to do so would have been also an obvious matter of design choice as it yields highly predictable results as the system taught by Anthony et al. is flexible enough to accomplish such features.

Regarding Claims 43 and 45, Anthony et al. taught an apparatus wherein at least one of the at least two capture devices is located in a command and control center (**Col. 8, Lines 22-36; law enforcement can handle crisis management and the above teaches of analysis and monitoring at control centers**).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FARHAD ALI whose telephone number is (571)270-1920. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 7:30am to 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey C. Pwu can be reached on (571) 272-6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/F. A./

Examiner, Art Unit 2146

/Jeffrey Pwu/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2146